I MINA'BENTE OCHO NA LIHESLATURAN GUÅHAN 2006 (SECOND) Regular Session

| Resolution No. (/79) とら | M |
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| Introduced by: | J. A. Lujan |
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RELATIVE TO EXPRESSING THE SENTIMENTS OF THE PEOPLE OF GUAM IN SUPPORT OF THE ANTONIO B. WON PAT GUAM INTERNATIONAL AIRPORT AUTHORITY'S PETITION FOR FULL APPROVAL OF FOREIGN CARRIER ACCESS TO AIR ROUTES BETWEEN GUAM AND POINTS WITHIN THE CUSTOMS ZONE OF THE UNITED STATES

BE IT RESOLVED BY I MINA'BENTE OCHO NA LIHESLATURAN

GUÅHAN:

WHEREAS, the Antonio B. Won Pat Guam International Airport Authority requested the U.S. Department of Transportation (the "Department") to approve expanded air services in a petition filed on February 9, 2006, which was duly scheduled for consideration as Docket No. OST-2006-23918; and

WHEREAS, the Department issued on August 4 an Order to Show Cause in this matter, describing its tentative decision and inviting parties in interest to comment within fourteen days of date of service of the Order, or no later than August 23rd; and

WHEREAS, the Order tentatively denies a waiver for passenger and cargo cabotage (paragraph 7, and clause 4 of paragraph 2, of tentative findings and conclusions), which would, if granted, allow foreign air carriers to participate in Guam – United States carriage traffic; and

WHEREAS, non-defense related travel and cargo carriage between Guam and the US has been historically characterized by participating commercial carriers and federal agencies other than the Department as international, rather than domestic in nature; and

WHEREAS, Guam residents pay unnecessary cost premiums for Guam-US air services protected from a competitive market by cabotage restrictions; and

WHEREAS, Guam is considered a domestic point by the Department on the basis of its political status as a possession of the United States, despite its geographical location 3,800 miles beyond the customs zone of the United States, and beyond the range of aircraft suitable for efficient use in the domestic market for air service; and

WHEREAS, in the decades since direct governmental regulation of the domestic market for air transportation services ceased, the demonstrated benefits of a more competitive domestic market for air transportation services have not been effectively enjoyed by Guam residents and businesses, through all possible air routes between Guam and other domestic points; and

WHEREAS, over the same period the market for air transportation within Southeast and South Asia, and between those regions and North America has expanded tremendously, with further growth expected from orders for long-range aircraft; and

WHEREAS, air service between Southeast Asia and the United States whether via Guam or overflying Guam is offered at lower rates than service on the same or similar aircraft between Guam and the United States, a market

anomaly which can be directly attributed to cabotage restrictions, a non-market 2 distortion enforced by the Department; and

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WHEREAS, non-US airlines currently authorized to serve Guam and other US points are eager to competitively offer capacity to meet demand for Guam -US carriage; and

WHEREAS, access by Guam residents and businesses, and by US residents and businesses wishing to travel to or expand commerce with Guam, to available competitive travel fares and cargo rates on Guam-US routes that include an intermediary stopover outside the US, is prohibited by the same cabotage restrictions also enforced by the Department; and

WHEREAS, some travelers with established regional ties surreptitiously circumvent cabotage restrictions by separately purchasing US- or Guam-bound round trip passage in an intermediate third country at significant cost savings not available to the typical US-bound Guam traveler or Guam-bound US traveler; and

WHEREAS, cabotage restrictions raise the cost of access to US goods and services on Guam and thus depresses otherwise rational US-Guam commerce in such diverse goods and services as perishables, medical referrals to specialized US institutions, domestic tourism, domestic skilled and professional labor, and consideration of Guam as a regional site for US firm branch offices; and

WHEREAS, a competitive market for air transportation will significantly reduce costs for US taxpayers, investors, and travelers to Guam; and

WHEREAS, expected increases in national defense investment and operations on Guam will increase demand for air transportation between Guam and the United States; and

WHEREAS, federal support for US air carriers on the Guam-US route can continue in other policies, such as restricting official and private contractor travel and cargo shipments to flag carriers, in a manner similar to domestic mail service; and

WHEREAS, the sole domestic commercial carrier serving the direct route between Guam and the US recently responded favorably to an official request for lower air fares for military member and dependent travel to and from Guam, while simultaneously eliminating compassion fare discounts for medical evacuation and accompanying family members, leaving one the impression that the community of 160,000 Guam residents is subsidizing travel costs of a nation of 320 million on the direct Guam-US route subject to cabotage restrictions and domestic market incentives; and

WHEREAS, the preference of US-flag carriers for North Pacific routes, combined with denial of competitive access by foreign flag carriers to Guam on a mid-Pacific route, has stifled rational development of Guam's airport, a federally-developed modern facility, as a significant regional point, except for "technical stops"; and

WHEREAS, the Department is authorized by law to grant commercial access by foreign carriers between U.S. points, under 49 U.S.C., section 40109(g), so approval of a general policy of passenger cabotage between Guam and other US points within the customs zone of the United States would not diminish the Department's continuing power to deny specific applicants for route authority in the national or public interest, nor would it compromise standards of safety or security; and

WHEREAS, requiring otherwise capable foreign applicants for cabotage approval to first provide reciprocal access to their home markets may be irrelevant or impractical, especially where geographical (as with Singapore) or market (United Arab Emirates) features lack such specifically corresponding national concessions; and

WHEREAS, formal comments opposing Guam's petition represent private interests who stand to profit exclusively through the Department's denial of Guam's petition, rather than the public interest, whose members seek competitive pricing through effective relief from government-maintained market distortions that allow significantly higher profit margins than in deregulated markets; and

WHEREAS, the public whose interest is served by the Department's decision is necessarily disaffected members of the traveling public and consumers in the market served by the subject route, the majority of whom are represented by duly elected members of the Twenty-Eighth Guam Legislature and the Governor of Guam who support the petitioner in this matter; and

WHEREAS, the practical effect of domestic air deregulation policy cannot be accomplished by approving Guam's petition for exemption from residual policy restrictions that continue to prevent effective competition, for a term of only two years, and objects to paragraph four of findings and conclusions; and

WHEREAS, the Twenty-Eighth Guam Legislature acknowledges the recommendation of the Department to exclude certain countries from blanket approval, with whom negotiations regarding air service are ongoing, to be in the public interest; and

WHEREAS, it is in the public interest for the Department to extend the practical effect of a United States commitment to the United Nations regarding the economic development and welfare of the inhabitants of Guam, specifically, the United Nations Charter declaration regarding non self-governing territories at Chapter XI, Article 73, as implemented by the General Assembly's implementing Resolution 1514(xv) of 14 December 1960, and more recently by General Assembly Resolution A/RES/38/42 of 7 December 1983 with specific reference to Guam, which calls upon the United States to "...remove the

constraints which limit growth in the economic development of the Territory, particularly with regard to... the transportation industry;" and

WHEREAS, it is in the public interest for the Department to recognize and consider Guam's continuing political status as a non self-governing community, which lacks effective national participation in establishing laws or administrative procedures that affect it, including cabotage or exemptions thereto; and

WHEREAS, it is in the public interest for the Department to recognize and consider the political significance of its Final Order in this matter as exhibiting the Department's role as trustee and guardian of territorial inhabitant welfare, or defender of colonial prerogative; and

WHEREAS, a formal objection to the tentative findings and conclusions described and listed in the Order must be formally filed by August 23rd; now, therefore, be it

RESOLVED, that the Twenty-Eighth Guam Legislature expresses its responsibility for the well-being and prosperity of Guam residents by objecting to the tentative denial of passenger transfer activities and cabotage by the U.S. Department of Transportation, and approval for a term of only two years, in its Order of August 4, to Guam's Expanded Air Services petition Docket No. OST-2006-23918; and now be it further

RESOLVED, that the Twenty-Eighth Guam Legislature requests the Board of Directors of the Antonio B. Won Pat Guam International Airport Authority to file a timely and supported objection to the proposed denial of passenger transfer authority and cabotage, and approval for only two years, by the U.S. Department of Transportation; and now be it further

RESOLVED, that this Resolution be filed with the Office of the Secretary of Transportation and served on other parties who have filed pleadings in the matter of U.S. Department of Transportation Docket No. OST-2006-23918, as an

answer and objection to the Order of August 4 on behalf of the People of Guam;
 and now be it further

RESOLVED, that the Speaker certify, and the Secretary of the Legislature attest to the adoption hereof, and that copies of the same be thereafter transmitted to the Honorable Frank F. Blas, Chairman, Board of Directors, Antonio B. Won Pat Guam International Airport Authority; to the United States Department of Transportation; to those parties of record who have filed pleadings under Docket No. OST-2006-23918; and to the Governor of Guam.

DULY AND REGULARLY ADOPTED BY I MINA'BENTE OCHO NA LIHESLATURAN GUÅHAN ON THE DAY OF 2006.

MARK FORBES Speaker

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EDWARD J.B. CALVO Senator and Secretary of the Legislature